

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

SPECIAL WARFARE EDUCATION GROUP (ARBIORNE)

UNITED STATES ARMY JOHN F. KENNEDY SPECIAL WARFARE CENTER AND SCHOOL

FORT BRAGG NC 28310-9610

# AOJK-EDG

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, United States Army John F. Kennedy Special Warfare Center and School, Fort Bragg, North Carolina 28310

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

1. Conclusion. Based on the below investigation, I make the following findings:
a. I find that CH (MAJ) Jerry Squires (hereafter CH Squires) and violate Army Equal Opportunity (EO) policy by denying and her wife, the opportunity to attend a Strong Bonds retreat run by and paid for by the United States Army.
b. I find the actions taken by CH Squires and violate AR 600-20.
e. I find that was derelict in her duty as an Equal Opportunity Leader (EOL) for HHC, SWTG (A) when she failed to notify the command of the situation pursuant to her duties.
d. I find that CH Squires violated the requirements of Army Regulation (AR) 165-1 when he failed to notify his command and his chaplain technical chain that he could not perform due to his endorser restrictions.
e. I find that had CH Squires and acted in compliance with the relevant regulatory guidance, specifically AR 165-1 and AR 600-20, this likely would not have become an issue at all.
2. Investigation Background and Procedure. The following chronology lays out a basic timeline of investigative efforts and the subject issue involving the EO complaint based on the non-inclusion of and her wife at the Strong Bonds event.
a. I was initially appointed as an Investigating Officer on 7 February 2018, by Commander, Special Warfare Education Group (Airborne) (SWEG (A)), to investigate a formal EO Complaint filed by Incommander, Special Warfare Education Group (Airborne) (SWEG (A)), to investigate a formal EO Complaint filed by Incommander of February 2018, alleging discrimination based on her protected class as being a part of a same-sex marriage when she was not afforded the opportunity to attend a chaplain-led Strong Bonds event for 1st Special Warfare Training Group (Airborne) (ISWTG (A)).
b. My initial investigation determined that the subject complaint timeline spans from 25

SUBJECT: Findings and Renvestigation: Strong Bonds	ecommendations Memorandu Event	m - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint
When initially tasked to inv and her spouse.	estigate this case I obtained st	(LACINOTES PE, STC, D,
E, F, G, N). Only one point interviewed contains diverg	t in all the statements from angent statements (Exhibit A, B,	y or me eight service members C).
attend the Strong Bonds ev	ure that she was informed of the	that she could not be Strong Bonds event was "essentially the next Strong Bonds event and ensure (Exhibit A).
one of the factors that mean Event (Exhibit B, C).	stated that CH Squires to attend the	old her that her sexual orientation was 9-11 February 2018 Strong Bonds
perform versus provide many he is unable to perform any couple (Exhibit A, B, C) event was being treated un O) and asked for clarificate EO Advisor, Unit (SWCS)) was informed of Squires and whether this matter was he Squires told Chaplain is in charge of a services for a same-sex counstead his priority is to treat the squire of the same-sex counstead his priority is to treat the same has same-sex counstead his priority is to treat the same has same-sex counstead his priority is to treat the same has same-sex counstead his priority is to treat the same has	redate required him to do, ending a counseling or facilitate a manufelt that her attendequally relative to other couple ion from her supervisor ited States Army John F. Kenne the potential EO complaint by for information and determinant determina	the command and he reached out to CH and that there was a concern with it II). Contrary to EO policy, CH by gathering information that if a sestricted in his ability to perform annot attend that event (Exhibit II).
c. Prior to Commanding General, SV On 28 April 2018, 1 was a		estigation, estigation to his level for adjudication. ntinue my investigation.
1 2 1 42	201671110011100	ny list of interviews to include
perspective of the Chapla (Exhibit Q). I requested	in Corps (Exhibits U, V, W). 1 additional information from	and procedures in effect from the also re-interviewed and CH Squires who both D. P). Additionally, I requested

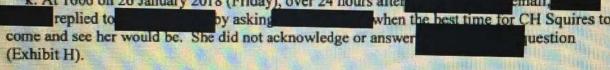
SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

information from each of the 12 individuals who had signed up for the February Strong Bonds Retreat their correspondence with either the CH Squires (Exhibit R, S). I also discovered additional authorities applicable to the case and reviewed feedback provided by the Chaplain Corps (Exhibits AA, BB). These authorities include a 2014 training for all Chaplains entitled, "Chaplain Activities in a post-DOMA environment," and the 2014 and 2015 Strong Bonds Program Management Guide (Exhibits CC, DD, EE).

- e. Additionally, an administrative search provided specific emails from CH Squires. The search used key words derived from the four emails I previously received from and emails I received from the Strong Bonds attendee list. The list of emails I received from USASOC servers included no emails referencing the Strong Bonds event between 25 January 2018 and 2 February 2018. The absence of any emails referencing this event, to include emails I had copies of from other parties led me to inquire to SOCOM for access to emails from their servers using the same search criteria. This information yielded 12 emails from the coordinator for the Strong Bonds event and her correspondence with CH Squires (Exhibit GG).
- 3. Facts. While conducting this investigation I have determined the following facts:
- a. During the entire course of events subject to this investigation, CH Squires was a member of SWEG(A). Both were members of 1SWTG (A) (Exhibits A, B, D).
  - b. CH Squires is endorsed by the Southern Baptist Convention (Exhibits A, K).
- c. As a Southern Baptist endorsed by the North American Mission Board (NAMB) of the Southern Baptist Convention, CH Squires is unable to provide any kind of relationship training or retreat that would give the appearance of accepting the homosexual lifestyle or sexual wrongdoing (NAMB Memo, dated August 29, 2013) (Exhibit A, K).
- d. dis not endorsed by any religious organization and is not bound by the rules of any endorser for her duties in the Army as defined by AR 165-1.
- e. On 17 July 2017

  Completed the 60 hour EOL Course. Thereafter, on 10 was appointed as the EOL for HHC, 1SWTG(A) (Exhibit FF).
- f. As an EOL and IAW AR 600-20, and a seresponsible for assisting HHC in addressing EO climate detractors, conducting unit climate assessments, preparing and assisting in the conduct of EO training, establishing and maintaining liaison with other EORs and with the EOA at higher headquarters, assisting in preparing and conducting ethnic observances and special commemorations, and in assisting complainants (Exhibit FF).
- g. Prior to the events subject to this investigation, were considered by and others to be friends. Due to that relationship, in late September

AOJK-EDG			10.00	- Operativity Complein
SUBJECT: Find Investigation: Str	ings and Recomm	mendations Memora t	Hallin - I b-an-Al	ual Opportunity Complain
and the second s				
2017	asked	for a personal	Caver	then expressed to
The state of the s	is level ner no	SIVIE was wrong an	d was unwilling	to support her request. Th
two Soldiers con	tinued a professi	onal relationship (Ex	xhibit B, C, Q, Y	, Z).
h A+1204 or	75 January 701		arit on ama'l to th	ne ISWTG(A) footprint
about the Strong	Bonds event sch	eduled for 9-11 Feb	ruary 2018 (Exhi	bit H).
				The state of the s
	25 January 2018		aile	
of slots for her at (Exhibit H).	nd her write to att	end the Strong Bond	Is Retreat from 9	-11 February 2018
(Exhibit 11).				
j. At 1212 or		6, during the same ti	me I	eceived an email from
		ved an email from		asking the same
question as		MINISTER STATE OF THE STATE OF	esponded at 1213	
				le. By 25 January 2018
Omy 2-3 couples	nad registered it	or the event (Exhibit	Ψ	
k. At 1606 or	26 January 2018	8 (Friday), over 24 h	ours after	email.
replied to				time for CH Squires to
come and see he				ruestion



- At 1528 on 29 January 2018. to ask if she received her emailed email in regards to the Strong Bonds Event (Exhibit H).
- m. At 1005 on 30 January 2018 emailed an email, stating that CH Squires wanted to speak with her in regards to the Strong Bonds Event (Exhibit H).
- n. From 29 January 2018 to 5 February 2018, both and CH Squires received ten emails from a Certified Government Meeting Professional (CGMP), at Federal Conference discussing the Strong Bonds event and continuing to update attendance records (Exhibit GG). responded to these emails nine times; CH Squires also responded to these emails nine times (Exhibit GG).
- o. At 1637 on 30 January 2018, CH Squires sent an email to multiple recipients from his unit at SWEG(A) that four slots remained for the Strong Bonds Event and requested the recipients to assist in filling the slots (Exhibit S).
- p. CH Squires stated he attempted to meet with on both 30 January and 31 January, the purpose of the meeting was to discuss desire to attend the Strong Bonds event and explain CH Squires restrictions (Exhibit A) This investigation could not find any witnesses or email records between CH Squires to to corroborate this statement.

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

- q. On 1 February 2018, CH Squires met with that the event was smaller than our normal events due to budget constraints, resulting in fewer slots available, and that as far as I knew at the time the event was full. Based on continuing planning for the event, I believed that people had registered for 7 or 8 of the 10 slots, and that 2 to 3 other couples would be registering that day [...] I explained that because of this [the number of families registered or registering] and the reduced slots/funding of the current event, and my Chaplain endorser restrictions [...] that it is my responsibility to ensure that she would have the opportunity to participate in the next Strong Bonds event." (Exhibit A, B, Q)
- r. There is no indication from either or CH Squires that during the meeting on I February 2018, CH Squires provided information regarding the next event or the name of a Chaplain who was able to provide services to Further, there is no evidence that an option of filling out the registration to get on a wait list was presented. The wait list option was given to other couples (Exhibits A, B, L, Q, U, GG).
- s. Due to the information CH Squires provided believed, and therefore told her chain of command, that the sign up period had closed and was no longer available to her. Which was not the case as a wait list was being established and slots were in fact still available (Exhibits B, Q, S, GG, HH).
- t. There was no future Strong Bonds event scheduled or funded on 1 February 2018. (Exhibit U).
- (1) All Strong Bonds events are initiated by USASOC, who divides the number of events expected to be conducted per quarter to subordinate units. Once subordinate units confirm that it intends to conduct a Strong Bonds event, that event is validated and planning with regard to the specific time and place for the event begins. For this Strong Bonds event, originally scheduled 9-11 February, it was an event intended for ISWTG(A), not SWEG(A), and was validated in December and confirmed in January that it would take place; at that point the email notification was sent out to the intended unit (Exhibit V, DD, EE). The registration system does not indicate exactly when the two couples canceled, as the couples canceled via email to and did not use the registration system (Exhibit GG). One soldier, cancelled when she heard how had been treated (Exhibit R). The other cancellations were due Soldiers having scheduling conflicts once the event was rescheduled. The SOP for Strong Bonds focuses on the conduct of the actual retreat and does not go into much detail regarding the planning for the event. Typically registration goes out as soon as an event is confirmed for a time and place and closes about two weeks before the event occurs (Exhibit U, V, W. DD, EE).
- (2) There is not an established procedure on how to notify a Chaplain with endorser restrictions if a same sex couple is registered to attend (Exhibit U. V. DD, EE). All the Chaplains I asked stated that the Chaplain Assistant would be expected to notice if two names that appeared to be the same sex while reviewing the registration list, determine if, in fact, a

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

same-sex couple was attending and then bring it to the attention of the Chaplain (Exhibit U, V, W).

- u. At approximately 1303 on 1 February 2018, after the meeting with CH Squires, had a discussion with her supervisor, who encouraged her to speak to her Company Commander (Exhibit E, F).
- v. After meeting with at the urging of CH Squires had a discussion with o discuss courses of action if did register for the event (Exhibits A, N, U, II).
- w. After meeting with the better understand for EO policy, and CH Squires developed multiple COAs and decided to reschedule the Strong Bonds Event and have a Chaplain that could support the event Exhibit V).
- x. On 4 February 2018 copying CH Squires, sent an email to discussing the waitlist they were generating for the event (Exhibit GG).
- y. On 2 February 2018, the command is made aware of an informal EO Complaint (See Equal Opportunity Complaint Form). Additionally, at DACH is made aware of the potential of an EO Complaint by CH Croom (Exhibit V).
- z. did not inform the HHC Chain of Command that there was an EO matter that needed to be addressed, in accordance with her duties as an EOL (Exhibits D, II)
- aa. On 6 February 2018, strong strong first contacted by CH Squires about running the SWTG(A) Strong Bonds event by phone. CH Squires tells that a same-sex couple was discovered on the registration and does not provide any details regarding the conversation he had with the protential EO complaint (Exhibits A, X).
- ab. On 6 February 2018, files a formal EO Complaint (Exhibits B, II and EO Complaint Form).
- ac. On 7 February 2018, is formally contacted regarding running the 1SWTG(A) Strong Bonds event (Exhibit X).
- ad. On 7 February 2018, confirmed that was unable to conduct the Strong Bonds Event from 9-11 February 2018, but was available 23-25 February 2018 (Exhibits N, U, V, W, X).
- ae. both stated that notifying command of the potential issue was an important aspect of ensuring that all resources were leveraged to provide an inclusive event for any Strong Bonds event (Exhibits U, V).

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

af. In the "Chaplain Activates in a Post-DOMA environment," training vignette five describes the following event: "You are scheduled to lead your unit's Strong Bonds couple training event, and during the registration phase (30-60 day window) you learn that a same-sex couple has registered for this event. Your Endorser has issued guidance that communicates their "trust" in their endorsed Chaplains, but also acknowledges that their doctrine does not allow their ordained religious professionals to affirm a same-sex marriage or relationship as morally or theologically in line with their teaching. What would you do next?" The approved answers provided are the following: contact you endorser to get clarification and guidance; notify the commander, your executive officer, your Command Sergeant Major and the garrison chaplain of the situation; the process of seeking an available Chaplain as the Strong Bonds event trainer for this event (a Chaplain who is capable of leading this training without restriction from his/her endorser); if you are restricted from leading the training, make the effort to explain this to the Soldier in your unit, while communicating your respect for them and their service in the Army (Exhibit CC).

ag. In the Strong Bonds Program Management Guide for 2014, chapter 5 is titled Instructor Mitigation. This chapter details how Chaplains should seek out unrestricted Chaplains to act as facilitators for their event. In this chapter it states, "Units must attempt to mitigate at the local level. If Garrisons cannot mitigate at the local level to include mitigation funding, elevate to the next level" (Exhibit DD).

ah. In the Strong Bonds Program Management Guide for 2015, chapter 5 is titled Instructor Mitigation Guidance. The update details a process in which it states, "the senior mission chaplain or garrison Chaplain will mitigate any Strong Bonds Instructor issues regarding accommodation of this public law" (Exhibit EE).

4. Findings. Based on the facts above, I make the following findings:

a. I find that both CH Squires and

a. I find that both CH Squ	ires and kno	owingly took action to deny	
and her spouse their right to a that there is a preponderance in unlawful discrimination. I r	of the evidence to find the	2018 Strong Bonds Event A	s such, I find did engage
(1) did not respond, she failed to answer who responded to a si encouraged him to register for sworn statement, where, when interested in the event, stated a	the question asked by milar question by the event. (This inform		
interested in the event, stated that they had registered (Exhi) response she provided to prevented the retreat. Based on the historwas aware of	and the failure from completi	and that those individuals sim was different for to respond to	ply emailed omt the as she did to ag a slot at

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

the time of this di	fference in treatment occurred tha	t was	intentionally withholding
the answer to			for the event before the
	could speak with her. This is base		
	eeking other registrants but at no		
	CH Squires to hold a reservation :		and/or inform her chain o
	OL that there was a potential EO		
footprint.	stated that "all corresponden	The second secon	
	ad reason to know, that		t with CH Squires when
the 30 January 20	18 email was sent indicating there	were four more slo	
having the knowle	edge on 25 January that	wished to atter	
actions	effectively prevented		he event, and in doing so,
interacted in attan	ly treated lifferentl	y than other member	ers of the command
sexual orientation	ding the event and the evidence su	pports the conclusi	on that this was due to he
SCAUGH OFFICIALION			
(2) CH Se	quires was copied on all the email t	raffin hatuunga	
While	it is unclear whether or when he re	ad those enacific on	and
supports the findi	ng that he was or should have been	au mose specific on	hans, the evidence
communications.	CH Squires' acknowledges in his	statement that he he	d been conied on the
emails between	lind	that on 29 January I	ne was at work 'playing
catch-up' and so p	presumably had access to those em	ails. He knew that	desired to
attend the Strong	Bonds Event. As such, CH Squire	s was either aware	or should have been
aware of	desire to attend the Strong I	Bonds event on 30 J	anuary 2018, and despite
this:			
(a)	Sent an email to members of SWE	G(A) soliciting atte	ndees and stating there
were still four slo	ts available;		
(h)	C. T. T. T.		
the details of the S	Sent a number of emails to		nt coordinator, regarding
request by	Strong Bonds event without mentio	n of a possible issue	arising out of the
(c)	Claims that he made attempts to m	eet with	in person on 30 and
31 January 2018.	His attempt on 30 January was at	500 and	was not in the office
and CH Squires n	nade no attempt to further contact h	er through	ARREST CONTROL OF THE CONTROL
supervisor. Beyon	id this, there is no evidence that he	attempted to email	<b>6</b>
schedule a time to	meet, inform her of the need for a	meeting, to encoura	ge her to sign up while
waiting for him to	meet with her, or let her know that	t he was available in	his office There is no
evidence that CH	Squires sought out his Chaplain tec	hnical chain of corr	mand to discuss the
appropriate way to	o provide for reques	st, nor is there evide	nce that CH Squires
events for	Chanlain to meet with an/or provi	de services to her or	r inquire as to other
of Command;	o attend until after the pot	ential EO complaini	was raised to the Chain
7.5	Did eventually many with		



SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

list, or acknowledge that she had informed him through of her desire to attend prior to the other members: (e) Failed to contact another chaplain who could perform services for until 6 February 2018, 13 days after nformed him of her interest and 6 days after meeting with This was also the same day command was notified of formal EO complaint: There is no evidence that CH Squires made any attempts to provide for the Soldier in any way prior to working to ensure that the Strong Bonds event had all of the available slots filled. is the only Soldier in a same-sex marriage who indicated an interest in attending the event and who CH Squires was aware was in a same-sex marriage. CH Squires sites status in a same-sex marriage as the reason for his different treatment of her relative to the soldiers interested in attending the event. b. I find that the actions taken by CH Squires and are in direct violation of the 2014 and 2015 Strong Bonds Retreat SOPs that outlines the aggressive lengths a Chaplain needs to attempt to include the Soldier in the Strong Bonds Retreat they have signed up for. This is problematic for several reasons: (1) Had CH Squires or practiced any of the techniques in that training this very likely would not be an issue; (2) It highlights the fact that had CH Squires reached out to technical chain leadership they could have provided this information as simply as this investigation did. Both the USASOC Chaplain's Office and the USAJFKSWCS Chaplain's Office provided me with the 2014 Strong Bonds Program guide and clear courses of action and guidance on the preferred way to handle a situation where a chaplain who is not permitted to perform services to a same-sex Soldier could properly ensure that the Soldier's needs were addressed while staying in compliance with their endorser restrictions. If faced with the same period of events, as he has been a number of times previously, would have sought to communicate both to his chain of command and with the individual as quickly as possible (Exhibit V). According to the 2014 Strong Bonds Manual, if a same-sex couple registers for a Strong Bonds retreat the outline given has a Chaplain coordinate with several levels of command until they find a chaplain that can perform the event (Exhibit DD). When asked about how they would handle a request from a Soldier to perform a service that they restricted from performing both outlined the importance of communicating with their chain of command and handling the issue quickly (Exhibit U, V). Additionally, all training material that was developed and provided by the Chaplains' Corps describes the steps that should be taken to provide a service for the Soldier, preferably without the Soldier being aware that additional steps are being taken on their

(3) Perhaps most troubling, when describing the events that took place from 25

behalf (Exhibit CC, DD, EE,); and

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

January to 2 February CH Squires appears to misrepresent the facts to others during this time period, both to other chaplains and to For example, when asking for assistance on a 6 February phone call CH Squires stated that he has "discovered" a same-sex couple on the registration list and requests for her assistance at that time. However, the formal process to switch the facilitator for the Strong Bonds retreat does not take place until 7 February, after the EO complaint has already been filed. CH Squires also misrepresented facts when discussing the matter with the IO; including claiming that he was the chaplain assigned to the Soldiers being served by the Strong Bonds event and so he should facilitate the event, when in fact, the event was for 1SWTG (A) and not SWEG (A), his assigned unit and he claimed to lack knowledge of how many couples were signed up but had this knowledge when sending the email on 30 January 2018 soliciting additional attendees.

- c. I find, as stated in part above, that after the publication of the same sex benefits memorandum (Exhibit M), there have been a number of applicable authorities, to include training guides, Strong Bonds SOPs, memorandums, and other guides published through and in conjunction with the US. Army Chaplain's Corps to address questions and uncertainties that may have arisen with regard to how Chaplains whose endorsement restrictions would not permit them to perform services to same sex couples could remain in compliance with their endorser restrictions and the Army EO policy (Exhibits AA, BB, CC, DD, EE). At no time during my investigation did CH Squires reference these documents or acknowledge their existence. Further, I find that the U.S. Army Chaplains Corps does not have clear records or systems to explain how it disseminates information and training that has been developed to the chaplains in the field which means there is no means to check on CH Squires training in this field (Exhibit U, V, W, AA).
- (1) In the 2014 Strong Bonds Retreat Program Retreat Guide, there is a flow chart describing the steps to take if a same-sex couple signs up for a Strong Bonds retreat. The steps outline that the preferred option is to find an unrestricted Chaplain that can fill-in for the event, and every effort, to include going outside the organization can be taken to facilitate finding an unrestricted Chaplain. The chaplains I questioned could not recall what specific post-DOMA training they may have had however, based on the passage of time this is not conclusive as to whether they, in fact, received such training, as there are multiple training guides created for that purpose and varying instruction (Exhibits A, U, V, W, X). Unfortunately, the Chaplain Corps did not maintain records (or records were not discovered in this investigation) to determine how the post-DOMA training that was created in 2013 was disseminated (Exhibit CC).

  stated that there were already a number of other authorities published that addressed this issue and therefore the response to his inquiries about a specific policy was that a specific policy was not needed because the constitution and the law supersede policy and so the DACH doesn't need a policy. The Chief of Chaplains and DACH believe that the guiding principle of perform versus provide in AR 165-1 gives enough guidance to the Chaplains in the field (Exhibit AA).
  - (2) The U.S. Army Chaptains Corps does not have clear records or systems to explain how it disseminates information and training. The use of perform versus provide remains the guiding principle to assist chaptains in navigating same-sex married couples. The Chaptain

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

Corp has a professional development memorandum that they conduct training on periodically during the year. USASOC usually holds these trainings on the 3<sup>rd</sup> Wednesday of the month. Although no records are kept with regards to attendance of the training, both the senior Chaplain in CH Squires technical chain of command and the most senior chaplain on the installation that is endorsed by the Sothern Baptists (the same as CH Squires), and were eager to communicate with me and to me that they were available to provide guidance in all issues, to include this one. Further, both chaplains had a clear understanding of COAs that would address the concerns of all parties. In the absence of formalized training, CH Squires should have taken an unknown issue like this to his senior leaders. Neither Chaplain had any record of CH Squires coming to them for feedback prior to CH Squires speaking with (Exhibit A, N, U, V). None of the known trainings this Fiscal Year have specifically covered treatment of same-sex couples.

d. I find that there is a preponderance of evidence	e to substantiate	that in late September 2017
old hat she disagreed w	ith her lifestyle.	Information regarding this
	in addition to	The
circumstances that led to saying this occ	curred when	asked
if she and her spouse could stay at	house while	they closed on the house
they purchased in Fayetteville. Before making this re	equest	were
friends and would work out together frequently. After	en l	nitially said yes, she came
back later that same day and expressed to	hat	would not allow her to
stay at her house because she disagreed with her lifes	tyle and did not	want to expose her
daughter to it. After this event occurred,		no longer were friendly
and kept their interactions purely professional (Exhib		
provided the background information regarding the fi		
and their subsequent falling out (Exhibit Y)		
conversation about this event where told		t she did in fact explain to
hat she did not agree with her lifestyle	e. C	annot remember if this took
place in October or more recently (Exhibit Z). The in	Hormation provi	ded by and
mirrors the information pro elected not to provide information on this man	ttee (Exhibit D)	event (Exhibit Q).
Pro the morning of on this mai	ici (Exiliuit P).	

e. I find that until the afternoon of 1 February 2018, there was no attempt by CH Squires to communicate the matter of desire to attend the Strong Bonds event to either his first line supervisor or the senior NAMB certified Chaplain on post, This is a violation of AR 165-1. Both Chaplains were informed of the potential incident with after CH Squires had his conversation with her which was over a week after he first carned of request (Exhibits N, U, V, W). has since speculated that it is likely because CH Squires believed he was handling the situation adequately and did not need any assistance (Exhibit U). This highlights that CH Squires took no action to try and reach out to an unrestricted Chaplain or his technical chain of command to provide scrvices to until after he spoke to her and had raised a potential EO complaint. CH Squires operated with a complete lack of urgency, and explained that on the 29th he had work to catch up on the 30th he tried one time to find her and didn't finally get around to

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

meeting her until the 1st (Exhibit A), in spite of having the time to send multiple emails to 3rd parties about the Strong Bonds Event (Exhibit S, GG). Both CH Squires and invoked their rights to silence when asked to provide clarifying information on this matter (Exhibits O, P).

- f. I find that there was a discrepancy in email searches could warrant further investigative action. Where that matter is outside the scope of this investigation, it may need to be referred to USASOC, SOCOM and/or CID.
- g. I find that ISWTG(A) command, once they were notified of the situation took immediate steps to address the treatment of to include members of the command notifying the command's legal office and EO advisor to ascertain the appropriate manner in which to handle the situation and to ensure that the member of their formation was taken care of.
- h. I find that there is not a systemic failure in the Chaplain Corps Chain of Command.

  and ensured that CH Squires coordinated with upon notification, to reschedule the event and the USASOC Chaplain Corps was able to quickly reallocate resources to support the event. It is likely that had they been initially informed of the matter would have been provided for IAW EO Policy and AR 165-1. It is important to note that although discussed from 1 February 6 February, no concrete steps were taken to reschedule the event to include were taken until after the formal EO Complaint was filed (Exhibit U, V, W, X).

#### 6. Discussion.

a. In my prior findings and recommendations memorandum, I stated that when CH Squires informed of his restriction that this was a violation of EO policy. This was a misstatement of fact and law. It is not a violation of EO policy to state a fact and CH Squires is protected in doing so. At no time was it my conclusion, nor is it now my conclusion, that CH Squires is in violation of EO policy for not hosting a Strong Bond retreat, or any event, that would cause him to violate his endorser restrictions. CH Squires is protected by the 'shield' of the 1st Amendment from being compelled to act in violation of his religious rules and beliefs.

b. However, the 'shield' that is afforded CH Squires does not permit CH Squires, or any Soldier, to use the 'shield' as a 'sword' to cut off the rights of another. In this case, the Strong Bonds event, which is an Army sponsored event, run by a unit that CH Squires was not a part of, and which was, was an event that was equally entitled to attend as any other member of the command. Her sexual orientation is a protected status that is prohibited from being used to preclude her from benefits, such as Army programs, to which she is otherwise entitled. In any CH Squires have no legal, policy, or procedural grounds to support the actions they took from 25 January 2018 to 2 February 2018 regarding their treatment of CH Squires religious freedom protection only extends to his right to not perform any religious support for a same-sex couple. This right is clear and nowhere in this report is this in question. However, CH Squires has no protected right to perform as the facilitator in any Strong

AOJK-EDG SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

expressed interest in the Bonds event, regardless of unit affiliation. As soon as Strong Bonds event, her right, as provided by the inclusion of all married couples as outlined by EO policy, "no service will be denied to any member of the Armed Service regardless of race, color, national origin, gender, religious affiliation, or sexual orientation (AR 600-20, 2015)" and the 2013 Secretary Hagel memo including same-sex couples, became the protected right of relevance regarding the Strong Bonds event. CH Squires took no action to ensure who advised him to do so. As soon as right was respected until after speaking to were providing advice and inserting their level of command into the situation the solution, and protection of rights was swift and effective. Instead of two rights conflicting this is a case where CH Squires intentionally violated the Army EO policy, making no efforts until after an EO complaint was threatened to accommodate a Soldier whom he was required to provide services for. By using the justification of his right to not violate his religious beliefs and the restrictions placed on him by his endorser, CH Squires is attempting to distract from the violation that occurred. There is no disputing that the Army and the Chaplains Corps needs to clarify policy to prepare for an incident where a conflict between these two seemingly contradictory laws, but this case does not involve this conflict. The violation of EO policy perpetrated by CH Squires and was intentional and deliberate being denied a service due to her sexual orientation. resulting in

- 7. Recommendations: Based on the facts and findings above, I make the following recommendations:
- a. I recommend that you find to be in violation of the EO policy. I recommend that you issue administrative or non-judicial punishment consistent with the violation.
- b. Even if you find that did not violate EO policy, I recommend that you find to have been derelict in her duty as an EOL (EOR) when she failed to abide by her duties in accordance with the EOL Appointment Memorandum issued to her by the HHC Commander. I recommend that you issue administrative or non-judicial punishment consistent with this violation.
- c. I recommend that you find CH Squires in violation of the EO policy. I recommend that you issues an administrative or non-judicial punishment consistent with the violation.
- d. Even if you find that CH Squires did not violate EO policy, I recommend that you find CH Squires derelict in his duties as a commissioned officer and a chaplain in that he was in violation of AR 165-1 when: 1) he failed to notify the command who was responsible for this event of the potential conflict, and 2) when he failed to notify his technical chain of command regarding a Soldier in need of services that he was unable to perform. Further, CH Squires failed to uphold his duty to 'provide' services. The fact that CH Squires chose to place his preference to host an event for a unit that was not his own over the right for a junior Soldier of that unit to attend the event is also a fact that should be taken into consideration.

SUBJECT: Findings and Recommendations Memorandum - 15-6/Equal Opportunity Complaint Investigation: Strong Bonds Event

- e. I recommend that you forward the findings and recommendations to the respective SWCS and USASOC Chaplains Office for the purposes of training for all chaplains and chaplains assistants within the USASOC footprint on their obligations under EO Policy and AR 165-1. The USASOC Chaplain's Office should review SOPs on communications within their technical chains, to include when to seek guidance IAW 165-1, and the difference between perform v. provide.
- f. I recommend that you forward the relevant portions of the findings and recommendations to the Chaplain Corps, DA, to ensure that the 'shield' ensuring rights are not infringed upon does not become a 'sword' to violated the protected rights of another.
- 8. Point of contact for this action is the undersigned at

**Investigating Officer**